

Mobile-device-supported strategy for Chinese reading comprehension

移动设备支持下的汉语阅读理解策略

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Reported by

Chen Chen

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2 Wireless handheld system(WHS)

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1 Introduction

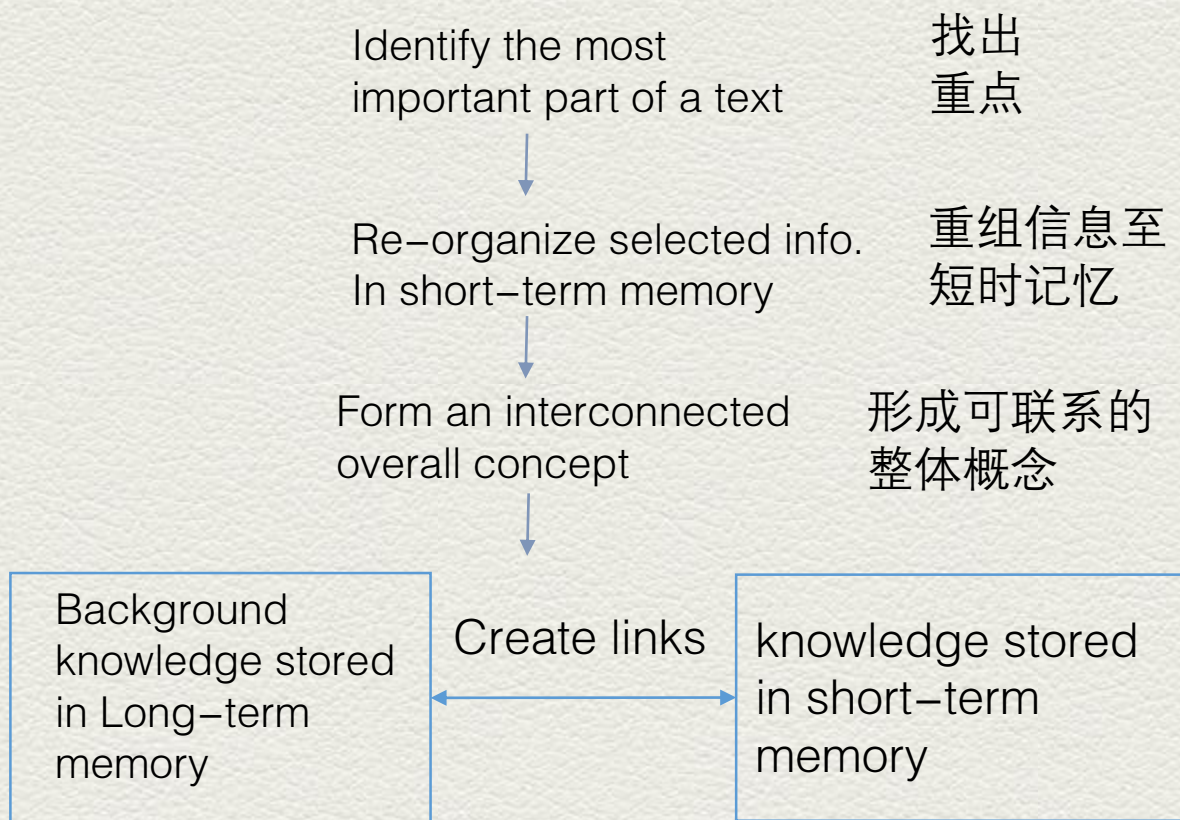
阅读能力（重要性，相关政策）

阅读策略
（重要性，常用阅读策略）

阅读策略教学现状

合作学习
（移动学习利于弥补合作学习缺点）

常用阅读策略



在短时记忆与原有长时记忆中的背景知识间创建联结

Based on Mayer's(1996) SOI MODEL

Decoding unknown words 生词释义

High-lighting key points 强调关键

Summarizing 总结

Questioning 提问

Predicting 预示

Clarifying 澄清

阅读策略教学现状

虽然对学生在阅读策略的指导很重要，但是……

熟悉策略、准备阅读
材料费时费力

高考压力、
班级容量大（台湾）

Problem 1.

阅读策略在实际教学中经常被忽视

研究发现（Yan, 1999）多数语文教师进行以教师为中心的
教学

Problem 2.

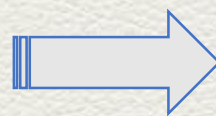
学生对语文阅读感到无聊

合作学习

虽然基于建构主义的合作学习被认为是一种有效的学习方式，但是……

传统的合作学习可能导致的问题：

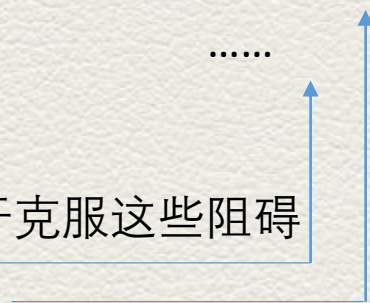
不均衡负担
分散注意力
(对阅读进度) 监控困难



阻碍了教师将合作学习
应用于阅读教学



有利于克服这些阻碍



1 Introduction

阅读能力（重要性，相关政策）

阅读策略

（重要性，常用阅读策略）

阅读策略教学现状

合作学习

（移动学习利于弥补合作学习缺点）

研究目的：

解决当前阅读课堂的问题

将合作学习应用于阅读教学

弥补已有研究不足
（移动学习&语文阅读）

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2 Wireless handheld system(WHS)

Individual modules

个人学习模块

Co-operative modules

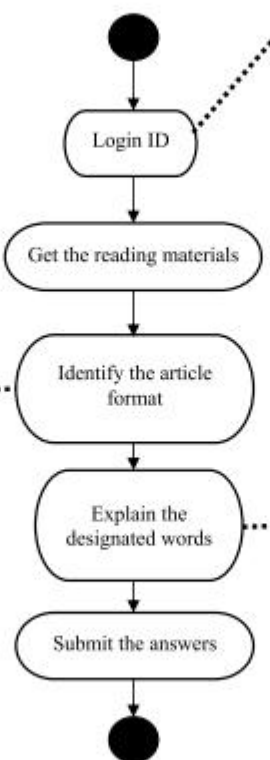
合作学习模块

判断文体、大意
(并提供理由)



阅读策略的使用

Summarizing



登陆账号
获取阅读材料

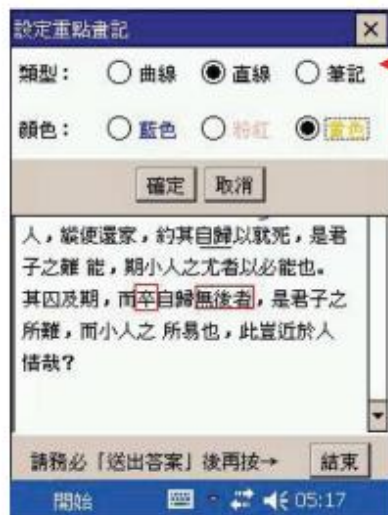
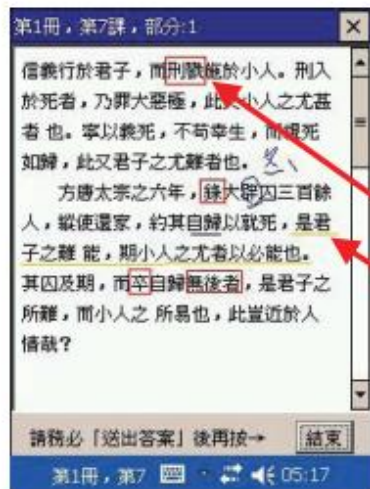


解释指定词语

阅读策略的使用

Decoding
unknown words

Individual modules



● While students practice reading, WHS trains them in decoding characters and words as well as inferring the textual meaning with reading strategies.

● The target training strategies:

1. Guessing strategy 猜測

2. Highlighting

強調

3. Recognising the used strategies

4. Taking notes and making summary

筆記 总结

阅读策略的使用

教师界面

個別閱讀活動伺服器：第1冊，第7課，第1部分

說明 個別閱讀活動狀態 → Server開始服務

重新整理 完成人數 2

小辛 要求查詢第1冊，第7課
小辛開始閱讀第1冊，第7課，第1部分的課文
小辛完成個別閱讀活動
/140.122.41.31的連線結束

取得來自/140.122.41.31的連線
取得輸入的學號:692080074，密碼:123456789
查詢學生姓名為：張小霜
張小霜 要求查詢第1冊，第1課
張小霜 要求查詢第1冊，第7課
張小霜開始閱讀第1冊，第7課，第1部分的課文
張小霜完成個別閱讀活動
/140.122.41.31的連線結束

說明 觀看統計資料 → 本課字詞：錄 學生：張小霜

個別閱讀狀況

第1冊，第7課，第1部分 (篇名：縱囚論，作者：歐陽修)
學號：692080074 姓名：張小霜

文體判斷：論說文
主題判斷：可能是在勸說君王不該隨便放走敵國的犯人
判斷理由：縱囚放走犯人,論說文

生字	張小霜的解釋	觀看提示
刑獄	某種罪刑(可能是死刑)	2
錄	記載	1
無後者	後來被放走的人都沒來	3
卒	最後	0

The number of students who have completed the assigned individual reading tasks

任务完成人数

The function for teachers to select a student for observing his/her reading process profile

选择查看某学生的学习情况

The explanation to the assigned words submitted by the chosen student

The frequency of hints used



2 Wireless handheld system(WHS)

Individual modules

个人学习模块

Co-operative modules

合作学习模块

Co-operative modules

合作学习模块

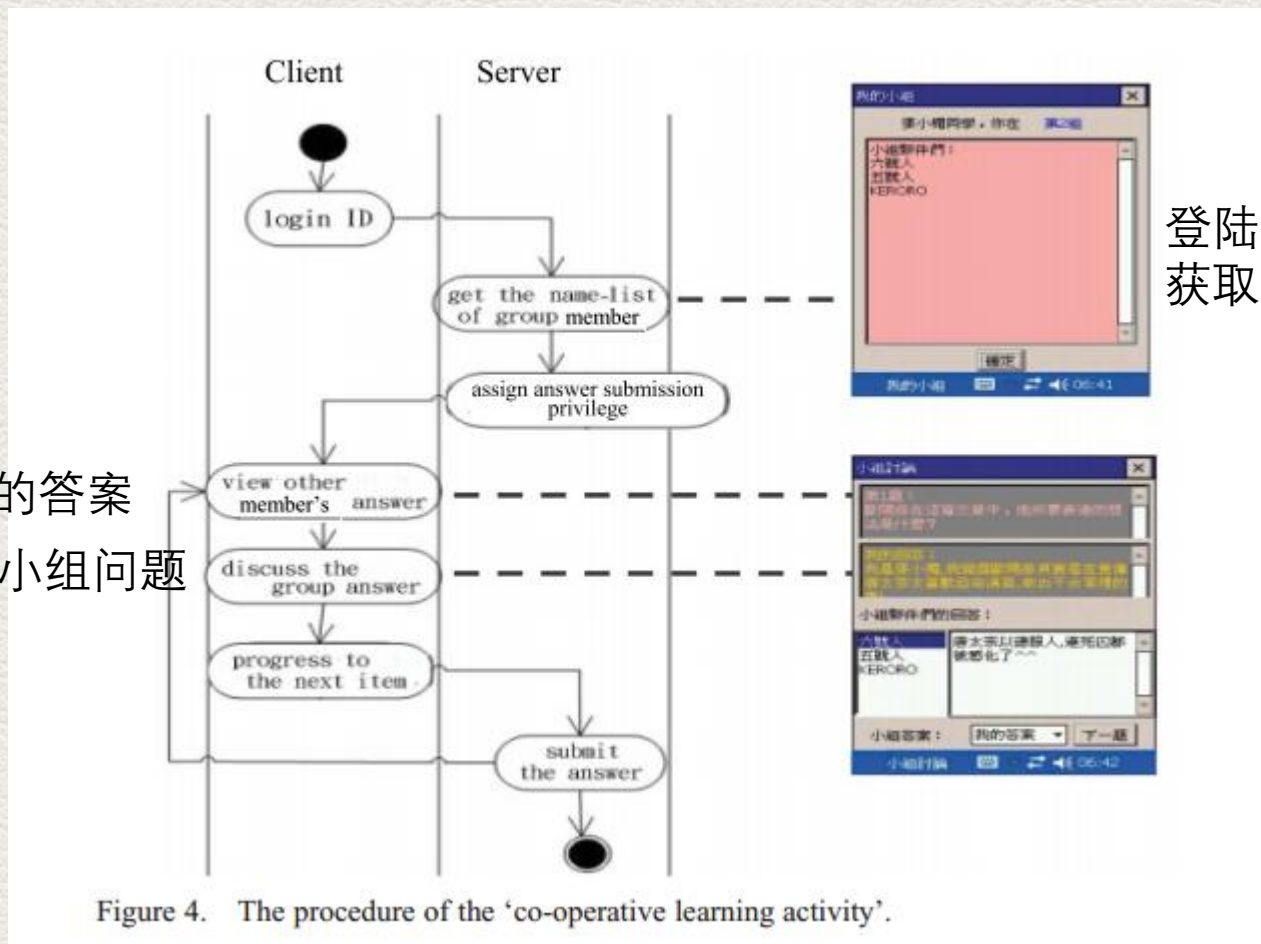
1. 支持小组活动

Supports students reading activity

2. 关注阅读策略的运用

Focus on training for the application of reading strategies

查看其它成员的答案
讨论小组问题



The screenshot shows a software interface for group discussions. It includes a question section, a student's answer, a list of group members, and a section for other members' answers. Callouts provide context for each part of the interface.

Comprehension question

Student's answer to this question

Group members' name list

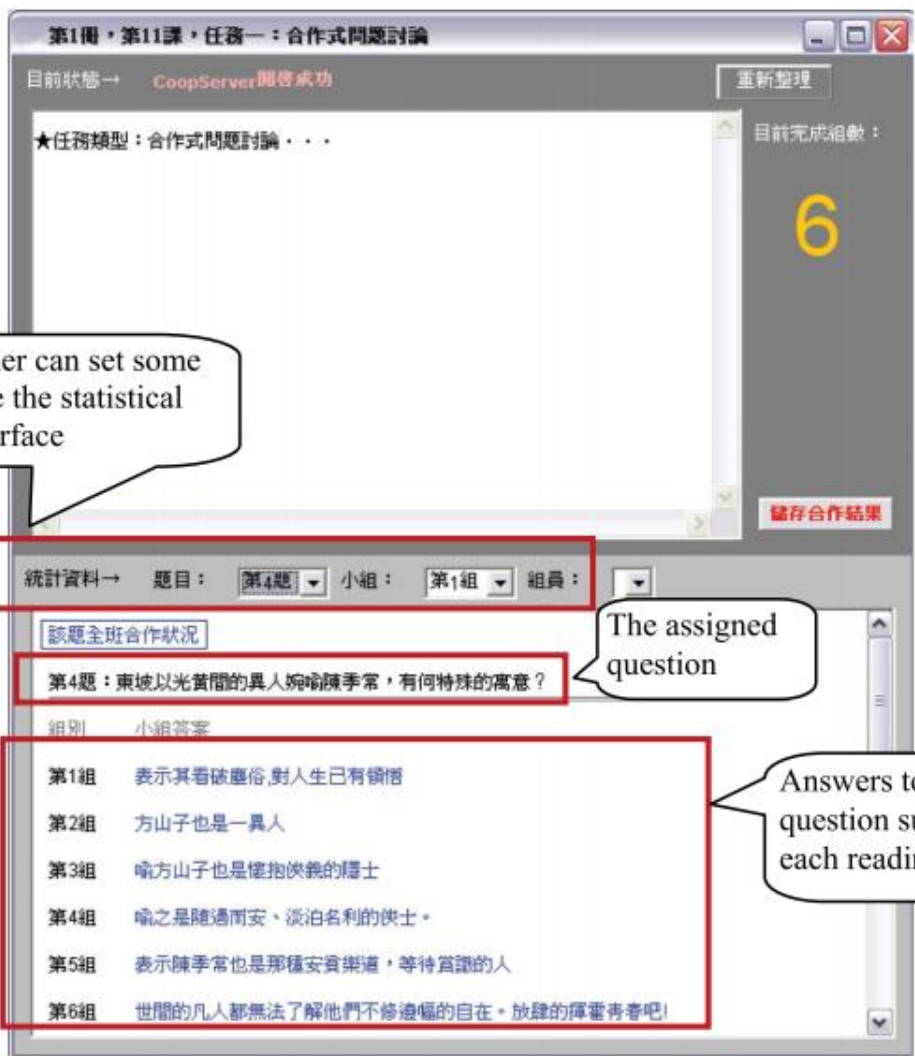
Every member can view the other students' answers to the question. For instance, this is the answer submitted by student 孫仕霖 (Suen1 Shi4 Lin2).

每个人都可以看到小组其他成员的回答

Figure 3. The scheme for idea sharing.

这一权利是随机分配的，有这一权利的同学必须负责整合小组答案提交

教师界面



The Chinese teacher can set some options here to see the statistical data from this interface

查看小组任务完成情况

选择题目、小组，查看回答

The assigned question

Answers to the assigned question submitted by each reading group

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Subjects

实验主体

2 Classes

Grade10

average age of 16 years

学业水平相当（刚完成中考，具有同样的百分比排名）

Control group 控制组

Experimental group 实验组

43 students

43 students

High Chinese reading ability

15 students

15 students

Low Chinese reading ability

15 students

15 students

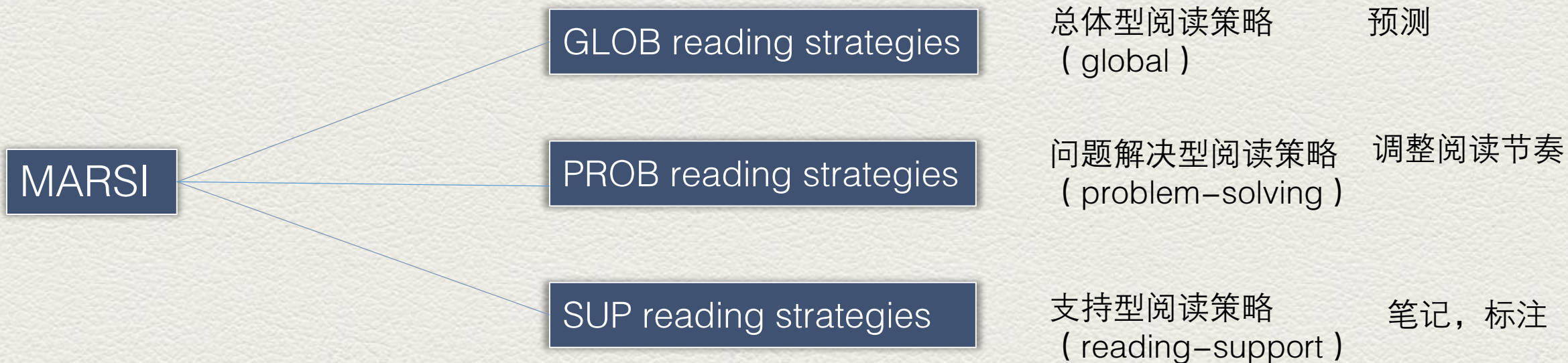
实验班和对照班每班各43人，语文水平相当。每班挑出阅读水平较好和较差*的各15名学生（在数据分析中单独分析）

*注：水平划分依据：MARS1问卷测试得分

开发者: Mokhtari and Reichard
(2002)

作用: 运用一种自我陈述的方法测量学
生将阅读策略用于阅读理解的情况。
包括30个条目。

Metacognition Awareness of Reading Strategies Inventory (MARSI)



WHS Attitude Questionnaire

对WHS 工具的态度问卷调查

Appendix

The Questionnaire of Students' Opinions about Integrating the "Wireless Handheld System" into the Chinese Language Arts Class

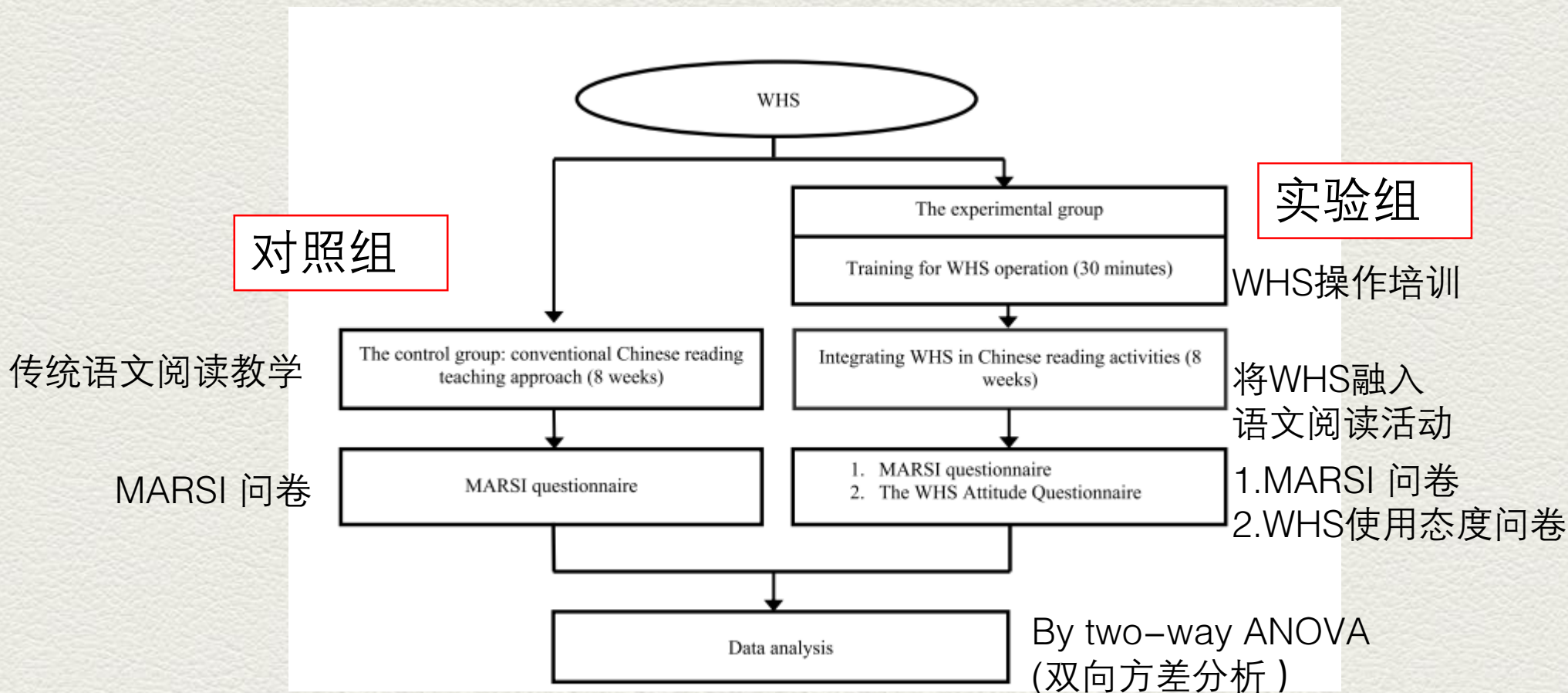
Class : _____ ID : _____ Name :

1. How do you feel the usage of the "Wireless Handheld System" ?
Very easy Easy Average Difficult Very difficult
2. Which activity or activities do you like while employing "Wireless Handheld System" ?
Individual Reading Activity Cooperative Learning Activity (Problem Discussion
Words Discussion) And why? (one or more than one answers)
Easy to use The system is stable Processes of the activity are interesting Help the learning of Chinese Language Arts subject Help self thinking about articles
Other
3. Do you think the Individual Reading Activity of the "Wireless Handheld System" help you have a better understanding about articles?
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly disagree
4. Do you think the Cooperative Learning Activity of the "Wireless Handheld System" help you have a better understanding about articles?
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly disagree
5. Do you think the Cooperative Learning Activity of the "Wireless Handheld System" let you have a stronger feeling about group participation?
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly disagree
6. Overall, using the "Wireless Handheld System" in the Chinese Language Arts makes you feel more interested in the Chinese Language Arts class?
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly disagree
7. Overall, using the "Wireless Handheld System" in the Chinese Language Arts class makes you feel more interested in the Chinese Language Arts subject?
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly disagree
8. Do you think the usage of the "Wireless Handheld System" in the Chinese Language Arts class helps you think the content of articles?
Strongly agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly disagree
9. Do you think the usage of the "Wireless Handheld System" in the Chinese Language

8周

9个语文阅读单元

实验组和对照组用完全相同的阅读材料



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MARSI 问卷数据分析

Means and standard deviations for the MARSI **total** scores

Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.47	0.54	3.56	0.57
Low	3.49	0.63	3.05	0.50

无显著差异

显著

GLOB strategy

Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.34	0.53	3.63	0.49
Low	3.50	0.59	3.05	0.58

无显著差异

PROB strategy

Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.78	0.56	3.73	0.72
Low	3.61	0.78	3.24	0.60

无显著差异

SUP strategy

Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.35	0.68	3.35	0.65
Low	3.33	0.71	2.98	0.64

针对实验组与对照组的语文阅读低水平学生的对比分析

Table 5. Comparison of participants with low Chinese abilities in both the experimental and control groups.

Sub-tests	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
MARSI total score	3.49	0.63	3.05	0.50
GLOB	3.50	0.60	3.05	0.58
PROB	3.61	0.78	3.24	0.60
SUP	3.33	0.71	2.98	0.64

WHS使用态度 问卷分析

使用WHS进行合作学习加强了我对小组参与的认识

66%

使用WHS进行的合作学习活动能帮助我理解阅读材料

58%

80%的学生喜欢（使用WHS进行的）合作学习

在语文课堂中使用WHS帮助我深思文章内涵

57%

Problem

57%的学生指出网络连接不稳定

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总结

三种类型的阅读策略的测试结果表明，实验组与对照组在整体阅读策略（GLOB）上与对照组有显著差异，在问题解决策略（PROB）与阅读支持策略（SUP）的表现上与对照组没有显著差异。

实验组里语文能力低的学生比对照组里语文能力低的学生表现更好，尤其是整体阅读策略（GLOB）的运用上。

实验组中因为有WHS的帮助，教师的角色发生了变化：成为学习活动的管理者和促进者。对照组中，教师必须引领所有的学习活动。这一变化影响了学生对语文阅读活动态度的变化：实验组的多数学生对使用WHS（进行学习）持积极态度。

通过对WHS使用态度问卷分析看出，使用WHS能促进学生在汉语课堂中的合作学习。

后续研究：使用WHS对学生语文阅读理解和熟练程度的影响。

My discussions

我的疑问&讨论

Means and standard deviations
for the MARSI total scores

Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.47	0.54	3.56	0.57
Low	3.49	0.63	3.05	0.50

Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.34	0.53	3.63	0.49
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Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.78	0.56	3.73	0.72
Low	3.61	0.78	3.24	0.60

在MARSI整体得分中，为什么WHS的使用对语文水平低的学生作用显著，但对语文水平高的同学作用不仅不显著，反而会降低其阅读策略使用能力？

虽然语文低水平学生在使用WHS后阅读策略使用能力提高，但其水平差异（标准差）却高于控制组，原因是什么？是否应做深入研究？

Level of Chinese ability	Experimental group		Control group	
	Means	SD	Means	SD
High	3.35	0.68	3.35	0.65
Low	3.33	0.71	2.98	0.64

Further Study

1、对文中的统计分析方法了解得还不够，只知道数据结果（是否相关），不知道是怎么算出来的。这一问题在“回归分析与实验设计”课程上应该很快会学到。

2、正在阅读的和本论文相关的文献：

Lan, Y.J., Sung, Y.T., & Chang, K.E. (2009). Let us read together: Development and evaluation of a computer assisted reciprocal early English reading system. *Computers & Education*, 53(4), 1188 - 1198.

之所以在众多参考文献中选择这一篇，是因为它和本文的研究模型比较相似（语言阅读软件开发，量化研究），但比本文内容更丰富，数据分析更多元。所以想进一步学习与对比。

敬请老师批评指正。